Clinical assessment of a Novel multicolor-spot reflection Topographer with Scheimpflug Tomography and Placido Topography in Normal Eyes

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Financial Disclosure

• We have the following financial interests or relationships to disclose:

- AJK: Consultant for Alcon/WaveLight, Avedro
- GA: Consultant for Alcon/WaveLight
- ID: none







Purpose

• To evaluate a novel, multicolored-spot reflection topographer in the clinical practice.



A. John Kanellopoulos and George Asimellis, Forme Fruste Keratoconus Imaging and Validation via Novel Multi-spot Reflection Topography. Case Reports in Ophthalmology 2013;4(3):199-209



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Keratometry in D, shape factors and IOL implantation guidance axis





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Cross-linking Imaging





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Keratoconus Imaging

Recorded image

Elevation

Tangential Curvature (D)



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Methods

- Steep and flat keratometry and surface regularity were investigated in 195 healthy corneas, age 35 ± 17 years with:
 - Multicolored-spot reflection topography (Cassini, i-Optics),
 - Placido topography (Topolyzer-Vario, WaveLight) and
 - Scheimpflug topometry (Oculyzer, WaveLight).

Results

- Mean keratometry was:
 - for Cassini 43.5±2.00 D,
 - Vario 43.8±2.3 D and
 - Oculyzer 43.7±1.9 D.
- The differential between Cassini-Vario was -0.3 D and between Cassini-Oculyzer -0.2 D







Conclusions

 The new multicolored-spot reflection based corneal topography system provided repeatable keratometry measurements with high specificity and sensitivity in normal corneas.





